# **Reportable Diseases/Conditions in Florida**

## **Practitioner List** (Laboratory Requirements Differ)

Per Rule 64D 3.029, Florida Administrative Code, promulgated October 20, 2016

## Did you know that you are required\* to report certain diseases to your local county health department?

Report immediately 24/7 by phone

Florida Department of Health

- upon initial suspicion or laboratory test order
- æ Report immediately 24/7 by phone

Pesticide-related illness and injury,

- Report next business day
- Other reporting timeframe +

	cluster of cases, or exposure to an
	infectious or non-infectious disease,
	condition, or agent found in the general
	community or any defined setting (e.g.,
	hospital, school, other institution) not
	listed that is of urgent public health significance
	Acquired immune
+	deficiency syndrome (AIDS)
2	Amebic encephalitis
	Anthrax
•	Arsenic poisoning
	Arboviral diseases not otherwise listed
•	Babesiosis
!	Botulism, foodborne, wound, and
	unspecified
•	Botulism, infant
!	Brucellosis
•	California serogroup virus disease
•	Campylobacteriosis
+	Cancer, excluding non-melanoma
	skin cancer and including benign and
	borderline intracranial and CNS tumors
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•	Carbon monoxide poisoning Chancroid
•	Chikungunya fever
2	Chikungunya fever, locally acquired
•	Chlamydia
!	Cholera ( <i>Vibrio cholera</i> e type O1)
•	Ciguatera fish poisoning
+	Congenital anomalies
•	Conjunctivitis in neonates <14 days old
•	Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease (CJD)
•	Cryptosporidiosis
•	Cyclosporiasis
!	Dengue fever
	Diphtheria
•	Eastern equine encephalitis
•	Ehrlichiosis/anaplasmosis
•	Escherichia coli infection, Shiga toxin-
	producing
•	Giardiasis, acute
!	Glanders
•	Gonorrhea
•	Granuloma inguinale

Outbreaks of any disease, any case

disease in children <5 years old Hansen's disease (leprosy) Hantavirus infection

Haemophilus influenzae invasive

Hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS)

## Hepatitis A

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- Hepatitis B, C, D, E, and G
- Hepatitis B surface antigen in pregnant women and children <2 years old

#### Herpes B virus, possible exposure

- Herpes simplex virus (HSV) in infants <60 days old with disseminated infection and liver involvement; encephalitis; and infections limited to skin, eyes, and mouth; anogenital HSV in children <12 years old
- Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) 44 infection
- HIV-exposed infants <18 months old born to an HIV-infected woman
- Human papillomavirus (HPV)associated laryngeal papillomas or recurrent respiratory papillomatosis in children <6 years old; anogenital papillomas in children ≤12 years old
- Influenza A, novel or pandemic strains T
- Influenza-associated pediatric mortality in children <18 years old
- Lead poisoning (blood lead level ≥5 µg/dL)
- Legionellosis
- Leptospirosis
- Listeriosis
- Lyme disease
- Lymphogranuloma venereum (LGV)
- Malaria
- T Measles (rubeola)
- I **Melioidosis**
- Meningitis, bacterial or mycotic
- Meningococcal disease L
- Mercury poisoning •
- Mumps
- Neonatal abstinence syndrome (NAS)
- 2 Neurotoxic shellfish poisoning
- Paratyphoid fever (Salmonella
- serotypes Paratyphi A, Paratyphi B, and Paratyphi C) Pertussis

#### **Ricin toxin poisoning** Rocky Mountain spotted fever and other spotted fever rickettsioses Rubella St. Louis encephalitis Salmonellosis Saxitoxin poisoning (paralytic shellfish poisoning) Severe acute respiratory disease syndrome associated with coronavirus infection Shigellosis **Smallpox** Staphylococcus aureus infection, æ intermediate or full resistance to vancomycin (VISA, VRSA) Streptococcus pneumoniae invasive disease in children <6 years old Syphilis Syphilis in pregnant women and 23 neonates Tetanus

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- Tularemia
- Typhoid fever (Salmonella serotype 2 Typhi)
- Typhus fever, epidemic
- Vaccinia disease
- Varicella (chickenpox)
- I
- Vibriosis (infections of Vibrio species and closely related organisms, excluding Vibrio cholerae type O1)
- Viral hemorrhagic fevers
- West Nile virus disease
- Yellow fever
- Zika fever

## Coming soon: "What's Reportable?" app for iOS and Android

\*Subsection 381.0031(2), Florida Statutes, provides that Any practitioner licensed in this state to practice medicine, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine, naturopathy, or veterinary medicine; any hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395; or any laboratory licensed under chapter 483 that diagnoses or suspects the existence of a disease of public health significance shall immediately report the fact to the Department of Health." Florida's county health departments serve as the Department's representative in this reporting requirement. Furthermore, subsection 381.0031(4), Florida Statutes, provides that The Department shall periodically issue a list of infectious or noninfectious diseases determined by it to be a threat to public health and therefore of significance to public health and shall furnish a copy of the list to the practitioners...



### **Psittacosis (ornithosis) Q** Fever Rabies, animal or human

- Rabies, possible exposure

acute

Plague

**Poliomyelitis** 

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- æ Staphylococcal enterotoxin B poisoning

## **Trichinellosis (trichinosis)**

- **Tuberculosis (TB)**

- Venezuelan equine encephalitis